

# Extracting Configuration Knowledge from Build Files with Symbolic Analysis

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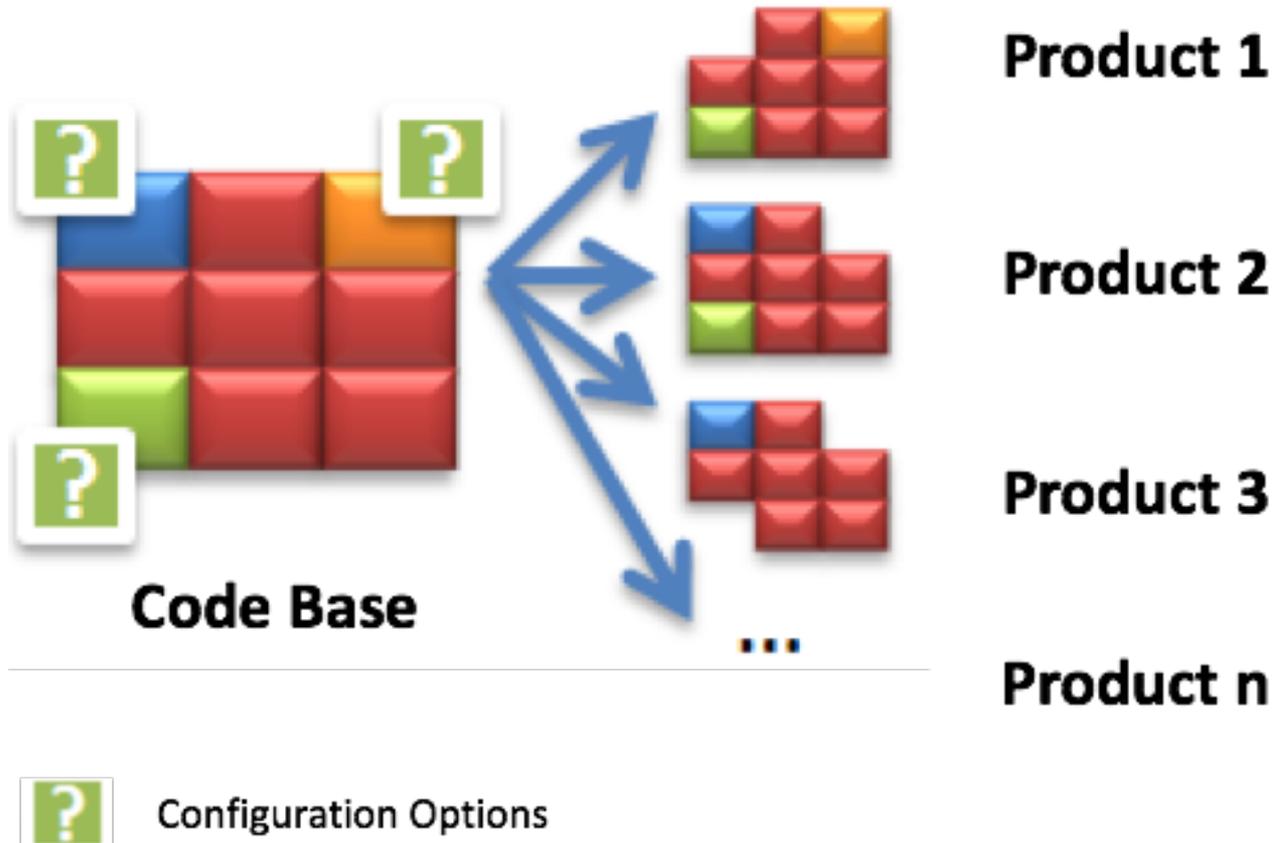
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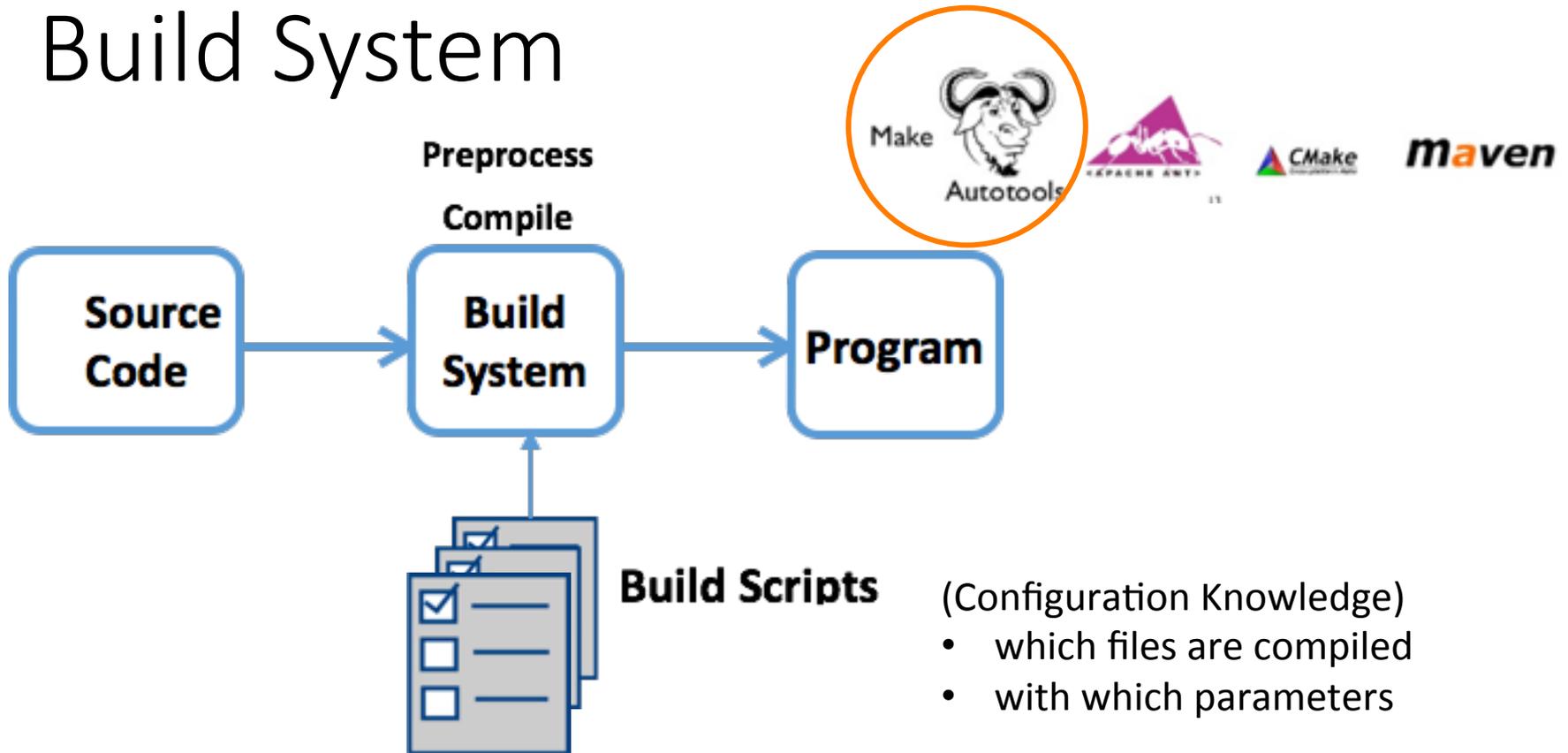


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# Highly Configurable System



# Build System



```
/*lib1.c*/ : foo(){}  
/*lib2.c*/ : foo(){}  
/*main.c*/  
#ifdef X  
    main(){ foo();}  
#endif
```

File Presence Condition

lib1.c	IF	LIB1
lib2.c	IF	! LIB1

Additional Parameters

main.c	-UX
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# Make / Makefiles

**CFLAGS** = -O

**all** : a.o b.o

**a.o** : b.o

gcc -c a.c \$(CFLAGS)

**b.o** :

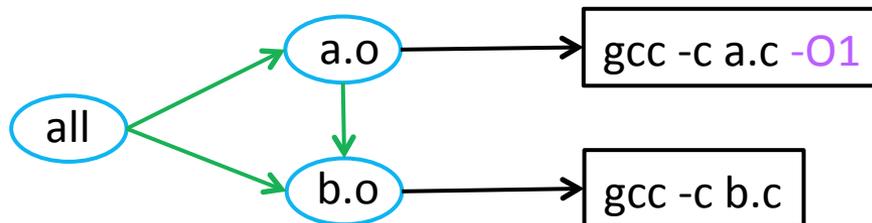
gcc -c b.c

**Variables =**

**Target: Prerequisites**

**Command**

## Dependency Graph

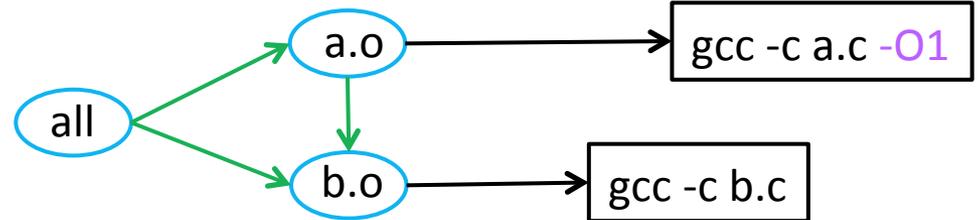


# Conditional Directives of Make

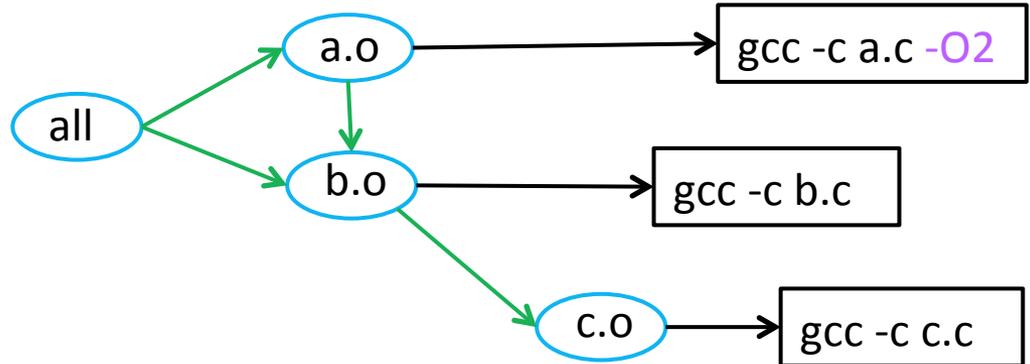
```
1 OS = $(shell uname)
2 ifeq ($(OS),Linux)
3   CFLAGS = -O1
4 else
5   CFLAGS = -O2
6 endif
7 all: a.o b.o
8 a.o: b.o
9   gcc -c a.c $(CFLAGS)
10 b.o:
11   gcc -c b.c
12 ifdef X
13 b.o: c.o
14 endif
15 c.o:
16   gcc -c c.c
```

## Dependency Graph

\$(OS)=Linux ^ !X

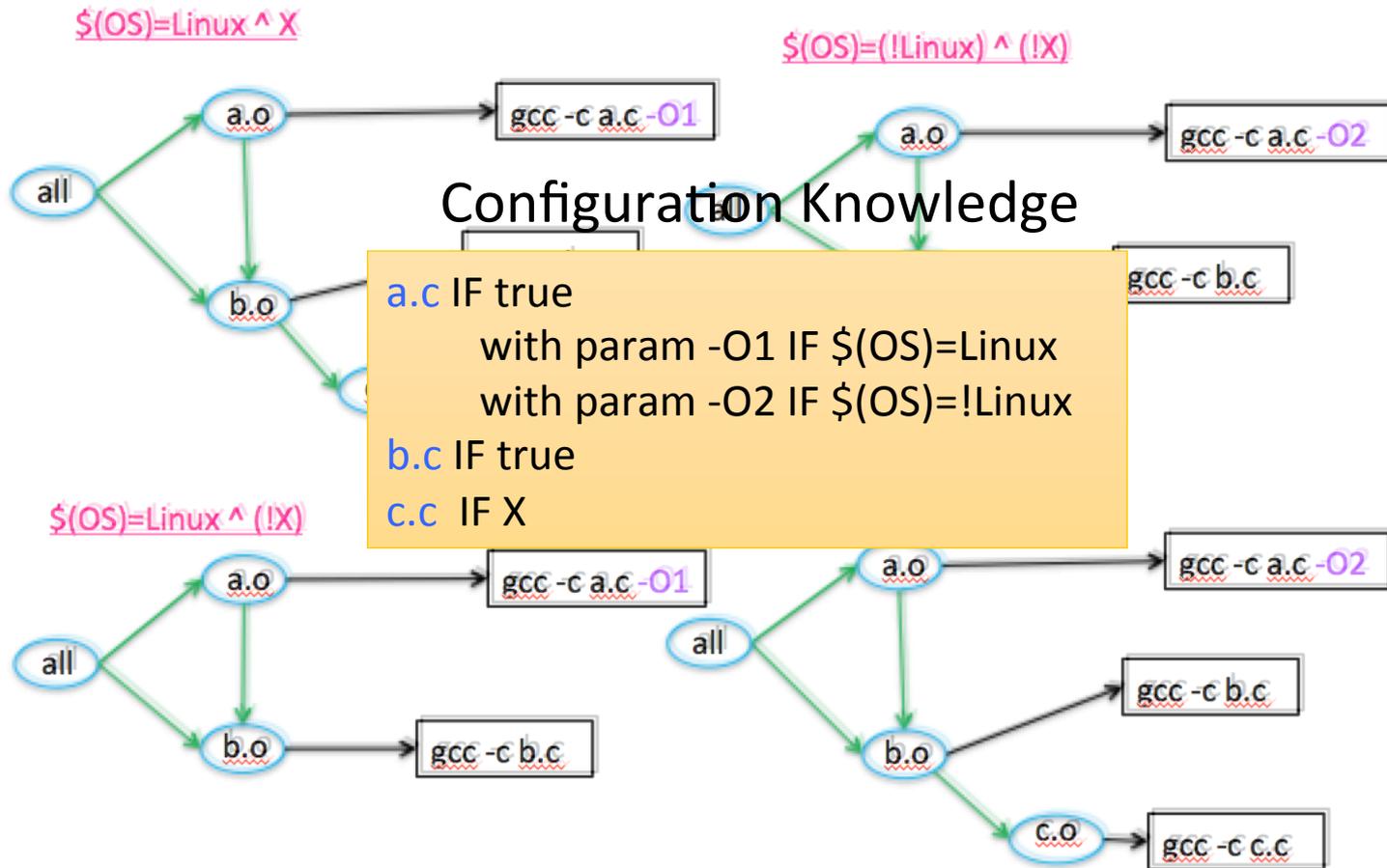


\$(OS)!=Linux ^ X



# Expect Result

## Dependency Graph

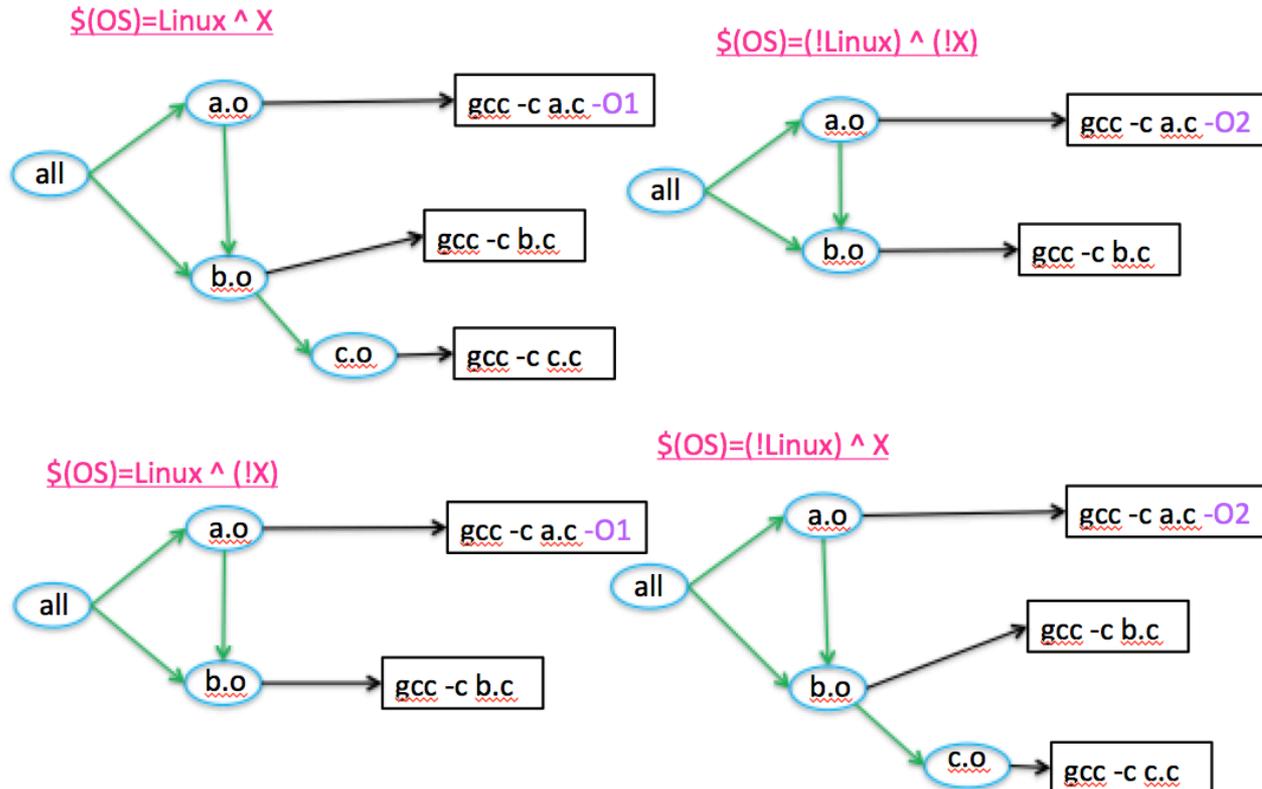


# Challenge

- Arbitrary computations

`OS = $(shell uname)`

- Explod



# Related Work

- Analyze Build Files

- Dynamic

Only analyze one configuration at a time



[van der Burg et al, ASE'14 ,  
Milos Gligoric et al, OOPSLA'14,  
Jafar Al-Kofahi et al, ICSE'14 ]

- Static [Ahmed Tamrawi et al, ICSE'12]

SYMake : Symbolic Execution

- Extracting Variability Information

- Dynamic

- Sampling [Christian Dietrich et al, SPLC2012]

imprecise



- Static Approximation [Thorsten Berger et al, SPLC 2010, Sarah Nadi et al, 2014]

- Only fit for Linux kernel that build files follow certain patterns
    - Ignoring variables



# Our Approach

## Step 1

Symbolically evaluate variables and collect rules

SYMake tool

- Analyzing all configurations at once
- Abstracting over unknown values

## Step2

Extract Presence Conditions from graph

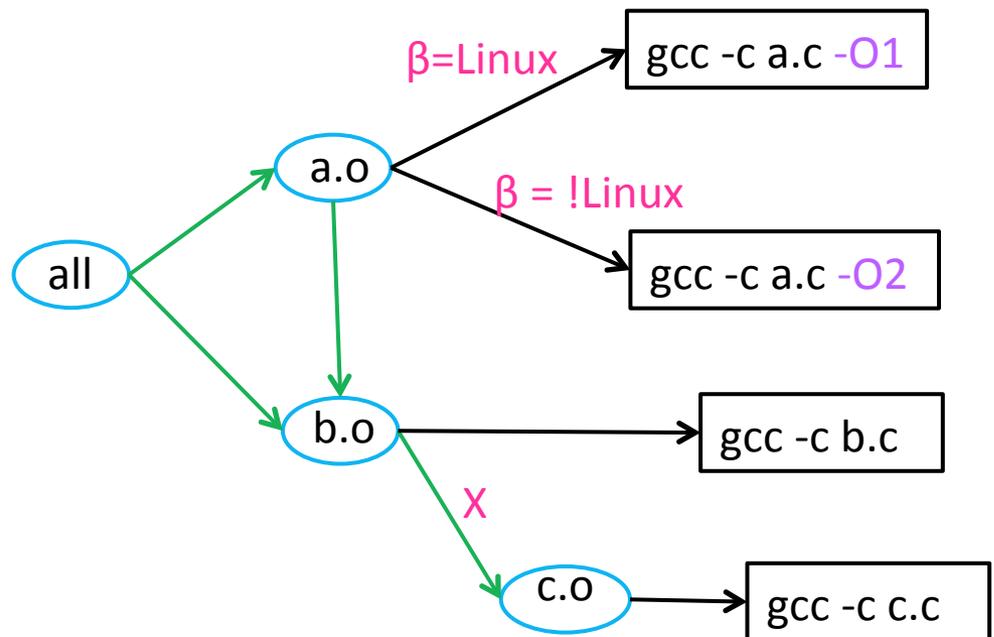
# Step 1( SYMake)

Symbolically evaluate variables and collect rules

```
1 OS = $(shell uname)
2 ifeq ($(OS),Linux)
3   CFLAGS= -O1
4 else
5   CFLAGS= -O2
6 endif
7 all: a.o b.o
8 a.o: b.o
9   gcc -c a.c $(CFLAGS)
10 b.o:
11   gcc -c b.c
12 ifdef X
13 b.o: c.o
14 endif
15 c.o:
16   gcc -c c.c
```

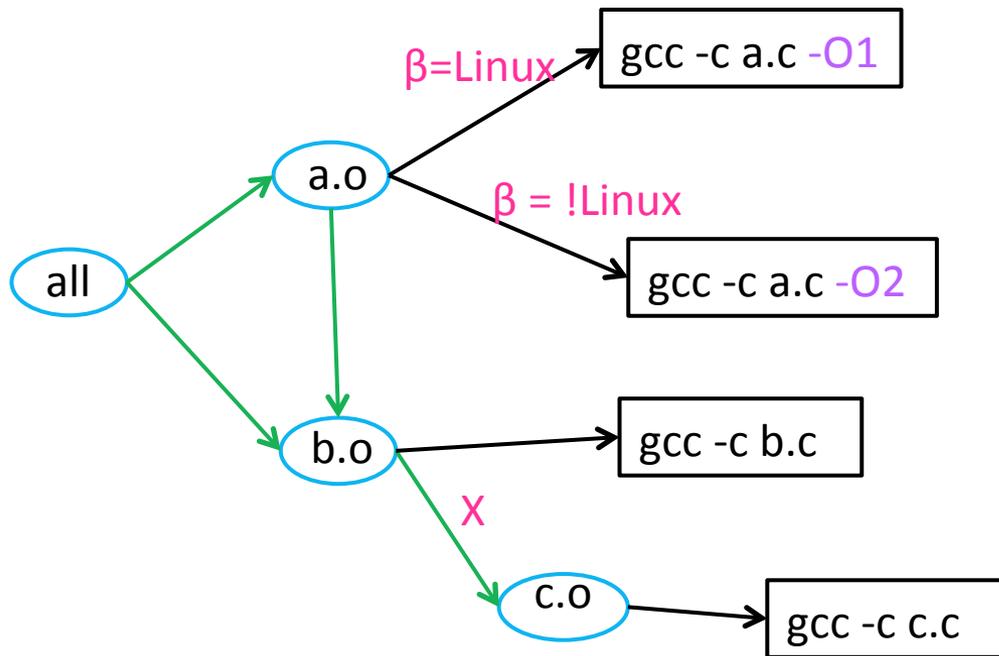
$OS = \beta$

$CFLAGS = \text{ITE}(\beta = \text{Linux}, -O1, -O2)$



# Step2

## Extract Presence Conditions from graph



a.c IF true

with param -O1 IF  $\beta = \text{Linux}$

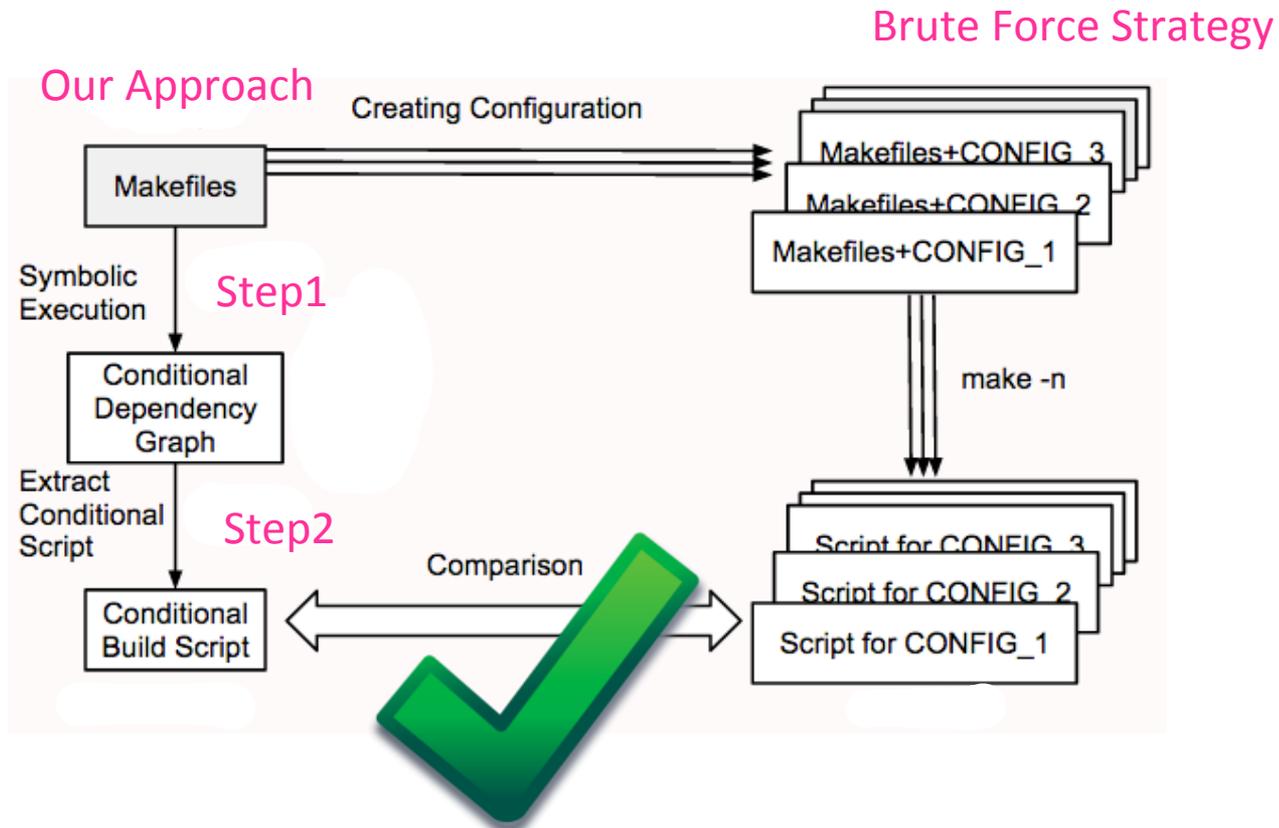
with param -O2 IF  $\beta = \text{!Linux}$

b.c IF true

c.c IF X

# Implementation

- Extract configuration knowledge
- Test mechanism



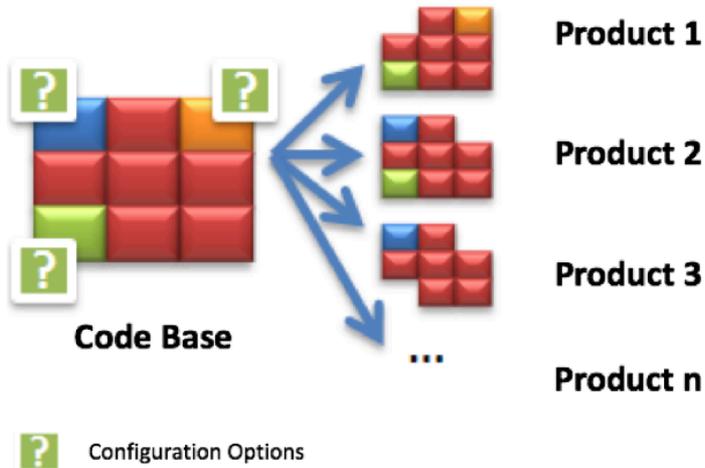
# Limitation

- Cannot deal with arbitrary symbolic values
- Do not support submake right now

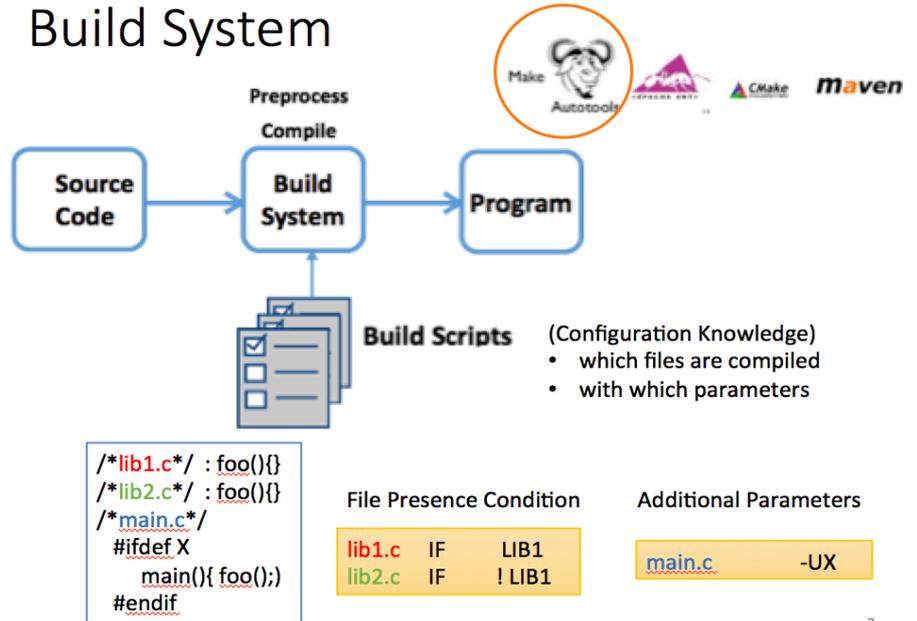
# Future Work

- Extend our analysis to support real-world systems
- Integrate with TypeChef

# Highly Configurable System



# Build System

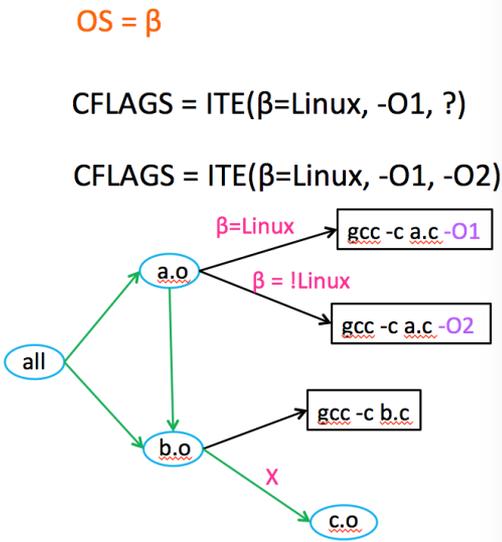


## Step 1

Symbolically evaluate variables and collect rules

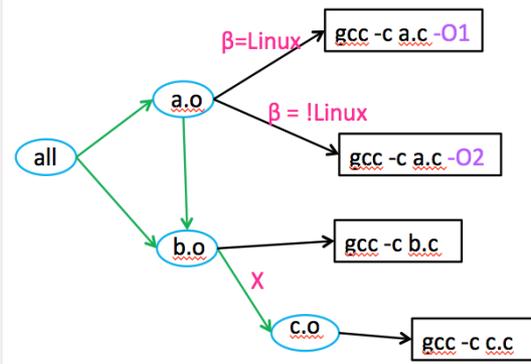
```

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2 ifeq ($(OS),Linux)
3   CFLAGS= -O1
4 else
5   CFLAGS= -O2
6 endif
7 all: a.o b.o
8 a.o: b.o
9   gcc -c a.c $(CFLAGS)
10 b.o:
11   gcc -c b.c
12 ifdef X
13 b.o: c.o
14 endif
    
```



## Step 2

Extract Presence Conditions from graph



a.c IF true  
with param -O1 IF  $\beta$  = Linux  
with param -O2 IF  $\beta$  != Linux

b.c IF true

c.c IF X

# Discussion

- How analyzable are common build systems?
- How analyzable should they be?